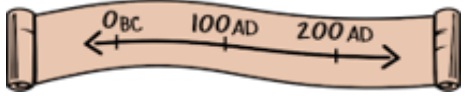
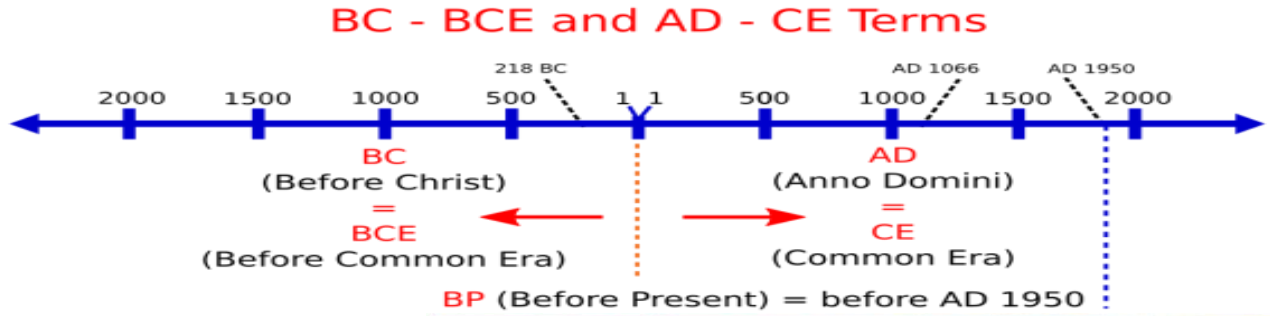
Key vocabulary	
AD	Anno Domini - After Jesus was born
Archaeologist	A person who studies human history and prehistory through the excavation of sites and the analysis of artefacts and other physical remains
Archaeology	The study of human history and prehistory through the excavation of sites and the analysis of artefacts and other physical remains
Artefact	The remains of things made by humans e.g. weapons or buildings
BC	Before Christ
BCE	Before Common Era (non-religious date term)
Cause	A person or thing that gives rise to an action or effect
CE	Current Era (non-religious date term)
Century	100 years
Change	When things are different/alter
Chronological order	The order in which historical events happened, starting with the earliest event first.
Chronology	The study of time
Continuity	When things stay the same or extremely similar
Decade	10 years
Effect	A change which is a result or consequence of an action or other cause
Evidence	Facts, information or objects that prove something to be true or valid
Fossil	The remains of living things (e.g. animals and humans)
Interpretation	A historians view or opinion on a historical event or person
Millenium	1000 years
Primary Source	A primary source is a piece of evidence that comes from the period of time being studied.
Secondary Source	A secondary source is a source which does not come from the time we are studying but was produced much later.
Significance	The quality of being worthy of attention or being important
Source	A piece of evidence that comes from the past, like a letter or an artefact.

HISTORY Year 7 Half Term 1

What makes a good historian?



Understanding chronology

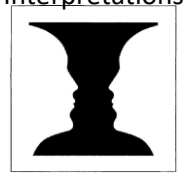


Centuries	
1 to 100	1st century
101 to 200	2nd century
201 to 300	3rd century
301 to 400	4th century
401 to 500	5th century

4 +1 BC

Always cover the last two numbers and add 1!

Threshold Concepts (history skills)

Using evidence

Interpretations